

# HW04

MATH 152, WINTER 2019

DUE WEEK 7 AND 8

Reading: Chapter 3, *Foundations of Data Science* by Avrim Blum, John Hopcroft, and Ravindran Kannan

Solve Problems 3.5, 3.6, 3.10, 3.12, 3.13, 3.16, and the following problems.

**Problem 1.** Let  $M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .

- (a) Find the SVD decomposition of  $M$ .
- (b) Run the power method starting from  $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  for  $k = 3$  steps. Compare what you get with the first left singular vector  $\mathbf{v}_1$  that you obtain from Part (a).

**Problem 3.**

(a) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and its SVD is

$$U\Sigma V^T = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}.$$

What is the best rank-1 approximation matrix to  $A$  (in Frobenius norm).

- (b) Suppose that your image has a SVD of the form  $M = \sigma_1 \mathbf{u}_1 \mathbf{v}_1^T + \sigma_2 \mathbf{u}_2 \mathbf{v}_2^T + \dots + \sigma_{100} \mathbf{u}_{100} \mathbf{v}_{100}^T$ , where  $\sigma_1 = 10, \sigma_2 = 9, \sigma_3 = 8$ , and  $\sigma_4 = \dots = \sigma_{100} = 0.01$ . What is the matrix you want to use to save more memory but still preserve significant information of your image  $M$ ?